

**काठमाडौं उपत्यका खानेपानी लिमिटेड**  
प्राविधिक सेवा, सिभिल समूह, ५ तह, ओभरसियर/सुपरभाईजर पदको खुल्ला तथा समावेश र  
आन्तरीक प्रतियोगितात्मक लिखित परीक्षाको पाठ्यक्रम

१. प्रथम चरण : लिखित परीक्षाको योजना (Examination Scheme)

पत्र	विषय	प्रश्न संख्या x अंकभार	परीक्षा प्रणाली	समय	पूर्णाङ्क	उत्तिर्णाङ्क
प्रथम पत्र	सेवा सम्बन्धी: Civil Engineering, खानेपानी तथा सरसफाई र काठमाण्डौ उपत्यका खानेपानी लिमिटेड	५०x१=५० १०x५=५०	बस्तुगत बहुउत्तर छोटो छोटो उत्तर	३ घण्टा	१००	४०

२. द्वितीय चरण : अन्तर्वार्ता योजना

विषय	पूर्णाङ्क	परीक्षा प्रणाली
व्यक्तिगत अन्तर्वार्ता	२०	मौखिक

**द्रष्टव्य : उम्मेदवारहरूले ध्यान दिनुपर्ने कुराहरू**

- लिखित परीक्षाको माध्यम नेपाली/अंग्रेजी दुबै हुन सक्नेछ ।
- प्रथम चरणको लिखित परीक्षाबाट छनौट भएका उम्मेदवारहरू मात्र द्वितीय चरणको अन्तर्वार्तामा सम्मिलित हुन पाउनेछन् ।
- पाठ्यक्रममा भएका यथा सम्भव सबै पाठ्यांशहरूबाट प्रश्न सोधिनेछ ।
- यस पाठ्यक्रममा जेसुकै लेखिएको भए तापनि पाठ्यक्रममा परेका ऐन, नियमहरू परीक्षाको मिति भन्दा ३ महिना अगाडि (संशोधन भएका वा संशोधन भई हटाईएका वा थप गरी संशोधन भई) कायम रहेकालाई यस पाठ्यक्रममा परेको सम्झनु पर्दछ ।
- यस भन्दा अगाडि लागु भएको माथि उल्लेखित समूहको पाठ्यक्रम खारेज गरिएको छ ।
- पाठ्यक्रम लागु मिति २०७३ आश्विन
- खानेपानी तथा सरसफाई र काठमाण्डौ उपत्यका खानेपानी लिमिटेड सम्बन्धमा १५ प्र.श. प्रश्न सोधिनेछ ।

प्रथम पत्र  
सेवा सम्बन्धी: **Civil Engineering**

1. Surveying

General

- 1.1.1 Classifications
- 1.1.2 Principles of Surveying
- 1.1.3 Selection of suitable method
- 1.1.4 Scales, plans and maps
- 1.1.5 Entry into survey field books and level books

1.2 Levelling

- 1.2.1 Methods of Levelling
- 1.2.2 Leveling instruments and accessories
- 1.2.3 Principles of Levelling

1.3 Plane Tabling

- 1.3.1 Equipments required
- 1.3.2 Methods of plane tabling
- 1.3.3 Two and Three points problems

1.4 Theodolite and Traverse Surveying

- 1.4.1 Basic difference between difference theodolite
- 1.4.2 Temporary adjustment of theodolite
- 1.4.3 Fundamental lines and desired relations
- 1.4.4 Tacheometry: stadia method
- 1.4.5 Trigonometrical leveling
- 1.4.6 Checks in closed traverse

1.5 Contouring

- 1.5.1 Characteristics of contour lines
- 1.5.2 Method of locating contours
- 1.5.3 Contour plotting

1.6 Layout

- 1.6.1 Small building
- 1.6.2 Simple curves

2. Construction Materials

2.1 Stone

- 2.1.1 Formation & availability of stone in Nepal
- 2.1.2 Methods of laying and construction with various stones

2.2 Cement

- 2.2.1 Different cements: ingredients, properties and manufacture
- 2.2.2 Storage and transport
- 2.2.3 Admixtures

2.3 Clay and clay products

- 2.3.1 Brick : type, manufacture, laying, bonds
- 2.4 Paints and Varnishes
  - 2.4.1 Type and selection
  - 2.4.2 Preparation techniques
  - 2.4.3 Use
- 2.5 Bitumen
  - 2.5.1 Type
  - 2.5.2 Selection
  - 2.5.3 Use
- 3. Mechanics of Materials and Structures
  - 3.1 Mechanics of materials
    - 3.1.1 Internal effects of loading
    - 3.1.2 Ultimate strength and working stress of materials
  - 3.2 Mechanics of Beams
    - 3.2.1 Relation between shear force and bending moments
    - 3.2.2 Thrust, shear, and bending moments diagrams for statically determinate beams under various types of loading
- 4. Hydraulics
  - 4.1 General
    - 4.1.1 Properties of fluid: mass. Weight, specific weight, density. specific volume, specific gravity , viscosity
    - 4.1.2 Pressure and Pascal's law
  - 4.2 Hydro-Kinematics and Hydro-dynamics
    - 4.2.1 Energy of flowing liquid: elevation energy, kinetics energy, potential energy, internal energy
  - 4.3 Measurements of Discharge
    - 4.3.1 Weirs and Notches
    - 4.3.2 Discharge formulae
  - 4.4 Flows: Characteristics of pipe flow and open channel flow
- 5. Soil Mechanics
  - 5.1 General
    - 5.1.1 Soil types and classification
    - 5.1.2 Three phase system of soil
    - 5.1.3 Unit weight of soil mass: bulk density, saturated density, submerged density and dry density
    - 5.1.4 Interrelationship between specific gravity, void ratio, porosity, degree of saturation, percentage of air voids air content and density index
  - 5.2 Soil Water Relation
    - 5.2.1 Tezaghi's principles of effective stress
    - 5.2.2 Darcy's Law
    - 5.2.3 Factors affecting permeability
  - 5.3 Compaction of Soil
    - 5.3.1 Factors affecting soil compaction

- 5.3.2 Optimum moisture content
    - 5.3.3 Relation between dry density and moisture content
  - 5.4 Shear Strength of Soils
    - 5.4.1 Mohr-Coulomb Failure theory
    - 5.4.2 Cohesion and angle of internal friction
  - 5.5 Earth Pressure
    - 5.5.1 Active and Passive earth pressure
    - 5.5.2 Lateral earth pressure theory
    - 5.5.3 Rankin's earth pressure theory
  - 5.6 Foundation Engineering
    - 5.6.1 Tezaghi's general bearing capacity formulae and their application
- 6. Structural Design
  - 6.1 R.C. Sections in bending
    - 6.1.1 Under reinforced, over reinforced, and balanced sections
    - 6.1.2 Analysis of singles and double reinforced rectangular sections
  - 6.2 Shear and Bond for RC sections
    - 6.2.1 Shear resistance of RC section
    - 6.2.2 Types of shear reinforcement and their design
    - 6.2.3 Determination of anchorages length
  - 6.3 Axially loaded RC columns
    - 6.3.1 Short and long column
    - 6.3.2 Design of a rectangular column section
  - 6.4 Design and drafting of RC structures
    - 6.4.1 Singly and doubly reinforced rectangular beams
    - 6.4.2 Simple one way and two way slab
    - 6.4.3 Axially loaded short and long column
- 7. Building construction Technology
  - 7.1 Foundations
    - 7.1.1 Subsoil exploration
    - 7.1.2 Type and suitability of different foundations: shallow and deep
    - 7.1.3 Shoring and dewatering
    - 7.1.4 Design of simple brick or stone masonry foundations
  - 7.2 Walls
    - 7.2.1 Types of walls and their functions
    - 7.2.2 Choosing wall thickness, height to length relation
    - 7.2.3 Use of scaffolding
  - 7.3 Damp Proofing
    - 7.3.1 Source of dampness
    - 7.3.2 Remedial measures to prevent dampness
  - 7.4 Concrete technology
    - 7.4.1 Constituents of cement concrete
    - 7.4.2 Grading of aggregates
    - 7.4.3 Concrete mixes
    - 7.4.4 Water cement ratio

- 7.4.5 Factors affecting strength of concrete
  - 7.4.6 Form work
  - 7.4.7 Curing
  - 7.5 Wood work
    - 7.5.1 Frame and shutters of doors and window
    - 7.5.2 Timber construction or upper floors
    - 7.5.3 Design and construction of stairs
  - 7.6 Flooring and finishing
    - 7.6.1 Floor finishes: bricks, concrete, flag stone
    - 7.6.2 Plastering
8. Water supply Engineering
- 8.1 Quantity of water
    - 8.1.1 Design Period
    - 8.1.2 Per capita demand
    - 8.1.3 Population forecasting
    - 8.1.4 Total water demand
  - 8.2 Source of water supply
    - 8.2.1 Surface source: River, spring
    - 8.2.2 Groundwater source: tube well, infiltration gallery
  - 8.3 Gravity Water supply system
    - 8.2.1 Objectives of water supply system
    - 8.2.2 Source of Water and its selection: gravity and artesian spring, shallow and deep wells,
    - 8.2.3 Design period
    - 8.2.4 Determination of daily water demand
    - 8.2.5 Determination of storage tank capacity
    - 8.2.6 Selection of pipe
    - 8.2.7 Pipe line design and hydraulic grade line
  - 8.4 Pump and pumping
    - 8.4.1 Necessity of pumps
    - 8.4.2 Classification of pumps
    - 8.4.3 Working principles of pumps
  - 8.5 Quality of Water
    - 8.5.1 Physical, chemical, and biological impurities
    - 8.5.2 Water Borne diseases
  - 8.6 Purification of water
    - 8.6.1 Sequence of water treatment
    - 8.6.2 Sedimentation, coagulation and filtration
    - 8.6.3 Disinfection of water
  - 8.7 Distribution System
    - 8.7.1 Water Pressure in Distribution system
    - 8.7.2 Layout
    - 8.7.3 Simple design criteria
    - 8.7.4 Appurtenances in the distribution system

- 9. Sanitary Engineering
  - 9.1 Introduction to sewage, sewer, and sewerage
  - 9.2 Sewer
    - 9.2.1. Types of sewer
    - 9.2.2. Design of sewer:
    - 9.2.3. quantity of sanitary sewage, maximum,
    - 9.2.4. minimum and cleansing velocity
  - 9.3 Surface and storm water drainage
    - 9.3.1 Factors affecting storm water drainage
    - 9.3.2 Determination of storm water flow
    - 9.3.3 Laying and construction
  - 9.4 Sewer appurtenances
    - 9.4.1 Manholes (drop manhole, lamphole)
    - 9.4.2 Street inlet, catch drains
    - 9.4.3 grease traps
  - 9.5 Sewerage disposal and treatment
    - 9.5.1 Excreta disposal in un sewerred area
    - 9.5.2 pit latrine
    - 9.5.3 design of septic tank
  
- 10 Estimating and Costing
  - 10.1 General
    - 10.1.1 Main items of work
    - 10.1.2 Units of measurement and payment of various items of work and materials
    - 10.1.3 Standard estimate formats of government offices
  - 10.2 Rate Analysis
    - 10.2.1 Basic general knowledge on the use of rate analysis norms prepared by Ministry of Physical Planning and Works and the districts rates prescribed.
  - 10.3 Specification
    - 10.3.1 Interpretation of specification
  - 10.4 Valuation
    - 10.4.1 Methods of valuation
    - 10.4.2 Basic general knowledge of standard formats used by commercial banks for valuation.
  
- 11 Construction Management
  - 11.1 Organization
    - 11.1.1 Need for organization
    - 11.1.2 Responsibilities of an civil overseer
    - 11.1.3 Relation between Owner, contractor
  - 11.2 Site Management
    - 11.2.1 Preparation of site plan
    - 11.2.2 Organizing labor
    - 11.2.3 Measures to improve labor efficiency
    - 11.2.4 Accident prevention
  - 11.3 Contract Procedure

- 11.3.1 Contracts
- 11.3.2 Departmental works and day works
- 11.3.3 Types of contracts
- 11.3.4 Tender and tender notice
- 11.3.5 Earnest money and security deposit
- 11.3.6 Preparation before inviting tender
- 11.3.7 Agreement
- 11.3.8 Conditions of contract
- 11.3.9 Construction supervision
- 11.4 Accounts
  - 11.4.1 Administrative approval and technical sanction
  - 11.4.2 Familiarity with standard account keeping formats used in government organizations
  - 11.4.3 Muster roll
  - 11.4.4 Completion report
- 11.5 Planning and control
  - 11.5.1 Construction schedule
  - 11.5.2 Equipment and materials schedules
  - 11.5.3 Construction stages and operations
  - 11.5.4 Bar chart

खानेपानी तथा सरसफाई र  
काठमाण्डौ उपत्यका खानेपानी लिमिटेड

**खानेपानी तथा सरसफाई:**

१. नेपालमा खानेपानी तथा सरसफाईको अवस्था
२. शहरी सुविधा व्यवस्थापन
३. खानेपानी गुणस्तर नियन्त्रण सम्बन्धी विद्यमान ऐन तथा नियमहरू
४. खानेपानी चुहावट तथा नियन्त्रणका उपायहरू

**काठमाण्डौ उपत्यका खानेपानी लिमिटेड सम्बन्धी :**

१. सार्वजनिक नीजि साभेदारीको अवधारणा
२. खानेपानी महशुल निर्धारण आयोग
३. काठमाण्डौ उपत्यका खानेपानी व्यवस्थापन बोर्ड
४. आयोजना कार्यान्वयन निर्देशनालय
५. काठमाण्डौ उपत्यका खानेपानी लिमिटेडको ऐतिहासिक पृष्ठभूमि, प्रबन्धपत्र र नियमावली
६. कर्मचारी प्रशासन विनियमावली, २०६४ (संशोधन सहित)
७. आर्थिक प्रशासन विनियमावली, २०६४
८. सांगठनिक संरचना